

NAG Library Routine Document

F07PUF (ZHPCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07PUF (ZHPCON) estimates the condition number of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A , where A has been factorized by F07PRF (ZHPTRF), using packed storage.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07PUF(UPLO, N, AP, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, INFO)
INTEGER          N, IPIV(*), INFO
double precision ANORM, RCOND
complex*16      AP(*), WORK(2*N)
CHARACTER*1      UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name ***zhpcon***.

3 Description

F07PUF (ZHPCON) estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A :

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1.$$

Since A is Hermitian, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UDF to compute $\|A\|_1$ and a call to F07PRF (ZHPTRF) to compute the Bunch–Kaufman factorization of A . The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $\|A^{-1}\|_1$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **14** 381–396

5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER*1 *Input*

On entry: indicates how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

$A = PUDU^H P^T$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

$A = PLDL^H P^T$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

- 2: N – INTEGER Input
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: AP(*) – **complex*16** array Input
Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least $\max(1, N \times (N + 1)/2)$.
On entry: the factorization of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07PRF (ZHPTRF).
- 4: IPIV(*) – INTEGER array Input
Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D , as returned by F07PRF (ZHPTRF).
- 5: ANORM – **double precision** Input
On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A , which may be computed by calling F06UDF with its parameter NORM = '1'. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07PRF (ZHPTRF) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A .
Constraint: ANORM ≥ 0.0 .
- 6: RCOND – **double precision** Output
On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A . RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.
- 7: WORK($2 \times N$) – **complex*16** array Workspace
- 8: INFO – INTEGER Output
On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = $-i$, the i th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to F07PUF (ZHPCON) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form $Ax = b$; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07PSF (ZHPTSR) with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07PGF (DSPCON).

9 Example

This example estimates the condition number in the 1-norm (or ∞ -norm) of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.36 + 0.00i & 1.58 + 0.90i & 2.21 - 0.21i & 3.91 + 1.50i \\ 1.58 - 0.90i & -8.87 + 0.00i & -1.84 - 0.03i & -1.78 + 1.18i \\ 2.21 + 0.21i & -1.84 + 0.03i & -4.63 + 0.00i & 0.11 + 0.11i \\ 3.91 - 1.50i & -1.78 - 1.18i & 0.11 - 0.11i & -1.84 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian indefinite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07PRF (ZHPTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 9.10.

9.1 Program Text

```
*      F07PUF Example Program Text
*      Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER        (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER          NMAX
      PARAMETER        (NMAX=8)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION ANORM, RCOND
      INTEGER          I, INFO, J, N
      CHARACTER        UPLO
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      COMPLEX *16      AP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2), WORK(2*NMAX)
      DOUBLE PRECISION RWORK(NMAX)
      INTEGER          IPIV(NMAX)
*      .. External Functions ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION F06UDF, X02AJF
      EXTERNAL          F06UDF, X02AJF
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL          ZHPCON, ZHPTRF
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07PUF Example Program Results'
*      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      READ (NIN,*) N
      IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
*
*          Read A from data file
*
*          READ (NIN,*) UPLO
*          IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
*              READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
*          ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
*              READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
*          END IF
*
*          Compute norm of A
*
*          ANORM = F06UDF('1-norm',UPLO,N,AP,RWORK)
*
*          Factorize A
*
*          CALL ZHPTRF(UPLO,N,AP,IPIV,INFO)
*
*          WRITE (NOUT,*)
*          IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
*
*              Estimate condition number
*
*              CALL ZHPCON(UPLO,N,AP,IPIV,ANORM,RCOND,WORK,INFO)
*
*              IF (RCOND.GE.X02AJF()) THEN
*                  WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',
+                  1.0D0/RCOND
*              ELSE
```

```

        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
      END IF
    ELSE
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The factor D is singular'
    END IF
  END IF
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,1P,E10.2)
END

```

9.2 Program Data

F07PUF Example Program Data

4	:Value of N
'L'	:Value of UPLO
(-1.36, 0.00)	
(1.58,-0.90) (-8.87, 0.00)	
(2.21, 0.21) (-1.84, 0.03) (-4.63, 0.00)	
(3.91,-1.50) (-1.78,-1.18) (0.11,-0.11) (-1.84, 0.00)	:End of matrix A

9.3 Program Results

F07PUF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 6.68E+00
