

NAG Library Routine Document

F06YAF (DGEMM)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F06YAF (DGEMM) performs one of the matrix-matrix operations

$$\begin{aligned} C &\leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C, & C &\leftarrow \alpha A^T B + \beta C, \\ C &\leftarrow \alpha AB^T + \beta C & \text{or} & C &\leftarrow \alpha A^T B^T + \beta C, \end{aligned}$$

where A , B and C are real matrices, and α and β are real scalars; C is always m by n .

2 Specification

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SUBROUTINE F06YAF(TRANSA, TRANSB, M, N, K, ALPHA, A, LDA, B, LDB, BETA,
1 C, LDC)
      INTEGER          M, N, K, LDA, LDB, LDC
      double precision ALPHA, A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*), BETA, C(LDC,*)
      CHARACTER*1      TRANSA, TRANSB
```

The routine may be called by its BLAS name ***dgemm***.

3 Description

None.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

- 1: TRANSA – CHARACTER*1 *Input*
On entry: specifies whether the operation involves A or A^T .
TRANSA = 'N'
The operation involves A .
TRANSA = 'T' or 'C'
The operation involves A^T .
Constraint: TRANSA = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.
- 2: TRANSB – CHARACTER*1 *Input*
On entry: specifies whether the operation involves B or B^T .
TRANSB = 'N'
The operation involves B .
TRANSB = 'T' or 'C'
The operation involves B^T .
Constraint: TRANSB = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

- 3: M – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: m , the number of rows of the matrix C ; the number of rows of A if $\text{TRANSA} = 'N'$, or the number of columns of A if $\text{TRANSA} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
Constraint: $M \geq 0$.
- 4: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the number of columns of the matrix C ; the number of columns of B if $\text{TRANSB} = 'N'$, or the number of rows of B if $\text{TRANSB} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 5: K – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: k , the number of columns of A if $\text{TRANSA} = 'N'$, or the number of rows of A if $\text{TRANSA} = 'T'$ or $'C'$; the number of rows of B if $\text{TRANSB} = 'N'$, or the number of columns of B if $\text{TRANSB} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
Constraint: $K \geq 0$.
- 6: ALPHA – **double precision** *Input*
On entry: the scalar α .
- 7: A(LDA,*) – **double precision** array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $\max(1, K)$ if $\text{TRANSA} = 'N'$ and at least $\max(1, M)$ if $\text{TRANSA} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
On entry: the matrix A ; A is m by k if $\text{TRANSA} = 'N'$, or k by m if $\text{TRANSA} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
- 8: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F06YAF (DGEMM) is called.
Constraints:
 if $\text{TRANSA} = 'N'$, $\text{LDA} \geq \max(1, M)$;
 if $\text{TRANSA} = 'T'$ or $'C'$, $\text{LDA} \geq \max(1, K)$.
- 9: B(LDB,*) – **double precision** array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least $\max(1, N)$ if $\text{TRANSB} = 'N'$ and at least $\max(1, K)$ if $\text{TRANSB} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
On entry: the matrix B ; B is k by n if $\text{TRANSB} = 'N'$, or n by k if $\text{TRANSB} = 'T'$ or $'C'$.
- 10: LDB – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F06YAF (DGEMM) is called.
Constraints:
 if $\text{TRANSB} = 'N'$, $\text{LDB} \geq \max(1, K)$;
 if $\text{TRANSB} = 'T'$ or $'C'$, $\text{LDB} \geq \max(1, N)$.
- 11: BETA – **double precision** *Input*
On entry: the scalar β .
- 12: C(LDC,*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*
Note: the second dimension of the array C must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: the m by n matrix C .

If $BETA = 0$, C need not be set.

On exit: the updated matrix C .

13: LDC – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which F06YAF (DGEMM) is called.

Constraint: $LDC \geq \max(1, M)$.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

None.
